

Kerala Agricultural University, Vellanikkara, Thrissur Department of Agricultural Meteorology, College of Horticulture

Email: cohagmet@kau.in & kauagmet@yahoo.co.in





(Issued jointly by AMFU Thrissur, India Meteorological Department and Department of Agriculture)

ERNAKULAM DISTRICT

AAS 26/2018(52), Friday

29.06.2018

CURRENT SYNOPTIC SITUATION: A cyclonic circulation lies over east central Arabian Sea off south Maharashtra coast at 7.6 km above mean sea level.

Heavy Rainfall warning: Day 1 & 2: Heavy rainfall is most likely to occur at one or two places in Kerala.

WEATHER FORECAST FOR THE NEXT FIVE DAYS:

Weather parameters	30.06.2018	01.07.2018	02.07.2018	03.07.2018	04.07.2018
Rainfall (mm)	12	18	4	16	10
Maximum temperature (°C)	29	30	30	30	30
Minimum temperature (°C)	24	23	23	23	23
Total cloud cover (octa)	7	8	5	8	8
Maximum Relative Humidity (%)	90	90	90	90	90
Minimum Relative Humidity (%)	80	80	80	80	80
Wind speed (kmph)	015	015	015	015	015
Wind direction (deg)	250	250	250	250	250

Below Normal rainfall is expected in Kerala for the coming week. Moderate rainfall is expected in Thrissur district for the coming week.

AGRO-METEOROLOGICAL ADVISORIES:

G	a .	Pest/			
Crop	Crop stage	Disease	Advisories		
			Leaf folder attack can be controlled using trichogramma cards		
Rice	Tillering stage	Leaf folder	(2CC per one acre). Cut the cards in to small pieces and fix in		
			different regions of the field. If the attack is severe, spray		
			quinalphos @ 2ml per one liter of water.		
			Proper drainage should be ensured. As a precaution, apply lime in		
			the banana basin or bleaching powder in the irrigation channels.		
Banana	Bunch emergence	Erwinia Rot	To improve the disease resistance, drench the basin with		
	stage		Pseudomonas @ 20g per litre of water. Affected plants can be		
			protected by drenching the basin with 5 g bleaching powder or 3 g		
			copper oxychloride or 2g copper hydroxide per one litre of water.		
			Severely affected plants should be cut and removed to prevent the		
			spread of disease.		
			Due to continuous rainfall and water logging, there is a chance of		
			fusarium wilt in cowpea. Drain the field properly and drench the		
Vegetables (cowpea)	_	Fusarium wilt	soil rhizosphere with 2 g of bavistin or 2 ml of contaf per one litre		
		i usarium wiit	of water alternatively within 15 days interval to control the		
			disease. Severely affected plants should be removed and destroyed		
			from the field and apply a pinch of bleaching powder in the pit.		
Animal	Avoid grazing of the animals in waterlogged areas. Farmers should be aware of leptospirosis. Contact				
Husbandry	nearest veterinary hospital for HS and FMD vaccination. (CAADECCS, KVASU, Mannuthy)				