

## **Agromet Advisory Bulletin for the District, Kannur**

(08.11.2022 to 12.11.2022)



(Issued jointly by Kerala Agricultural University Regional Agricultural Research Station Pilicode & India Meteorological Department)

Bulletin Number: Pilicode/Knr-89/2022 Date: 08/11/2022

## A. Weather Summary of preceding five days

Rainfall, mm	Max. temp., °C	Min. temp., °C	R. H., %	Wind speed, Km/h
6.7	33.3 – 34.8	25.0 – 25.8	74.3 – 90.4	0.80 - 08.0

## B. Weather forecast for next five days

Parameters	08-11-2022	09-11-2022	10-11-2022	11-11-2022	12-11-2022
Rainfall, mm	9	0.1	0.5	0.5	0.2
Max. Temp, °C	34	34	34	33	33
Min. Temp, °C	26	26	26	25	25
Max. Relative Humidity, %	85	85	85	85	85
Min. Relative Humidity, %	65	65	65	65	65
Wind speed, km/h	2	2	2	2	2
Wind direction, degrees	230	270	70	290	230
Total cloud cover, octa	8	4	7	7	4

## C. Agrometeorological Advisories

Crop	Stages	Problems	Agro-meteorological advisories			
	Light rainfalls are very likely to occur**					
	Isolated light rainfalls (up to 15.5mm within a time span of 24 hours.) may occur.					
General conditions	As per the extended range forecast, there will be normal (weekly 73mm) rainfalls during the next two weeks also. The maximum and minimum temperatures will be lower than the normal during the next two weeks.					
	The sky will be cloudy. High relative humidity will be experienced. High atmosphe temperature and heat index will be felt during the rain free intervals.					
General Recommen	Protect newly planted seedlings of the crops from the bright sunshine from southern side, by smearing with banana/coconut leaves.					
dations	The weather is favourable for the cultivation of vegetable crops suitable for both cool season and all seasons.					
	Maintain hygiene conditions in crop fields. Infected and fallen nuts, leaves and tree parts should be removed from the fields and burnt.					
	Provide propping to tender stem crops like banana, tomato etc. Ensure sufficient drainage in crop fields. Give popping to slender stemmed and easily lodging crops like banana, vegetables etc.					
	Take care while drying the harvested produces like rubber, cashew nut, copra etc., directly under the sun. Beware of thunder and lightning.					

Transplanting/ sowing	This is the right time for transplanting the seedlings of cool season vegetables like cauliflower, cabbage etc.			
	Select only well drained area for the cultivation or Ensure good drainage facilities. There should not be any waterlogging in the fields.			
	Sow/plant vegetables only on raised bunds/ridges/mounts.			
	While preparing the land, incorporate lime @ 4kg/cent to the soil. Use Trichoderma enriched farm yard manure/compost. This will check the spread of wilt diseases.  Before transplanting, dip the roots of the seedlings in slurry of pseudomonas (20g pseudomonas/litre of water) for 30 minutes. This will help the seedlings to grow vigorously.			
	Also the seedlings can be sprayed with diluted pseudomonas culture solution (@20ml dissolved in one litre of water).			
Mainfiled	Leaf roller	If leaf folder attack is seen, unfold the leaves by rolling thorny wires/twigs over the canopy. Attack will be more in shaded conditions. Avoid excessive Nitrogenous fertilizers.		
		If the attack is severe spot spraying of Chlorantraniliprole @3ml/10 ltr of water is also advised.		
All stages	Case worm	Destroy the dislodged larvae. After pulling a rope swabbed with kerosene or engine oil. Drain away the water from the fields. Broadcast the mixture containing 1L of Kerosine in 25 kg of saw dust or sand in the field.		
All stages	Red palm weevil	The palms can be saved only if the attack is diagnosed at an early stage. Hence more frequently inspect the palms. The attack can be diagnosed by the presence of yellowing of upper and middle whirls of leaves and holes at the jointing region of leaf petioles to the trunk. Insect excrement, pupal cases etc. may also be seen in the crown or basins of the palms.		
		Control: Prepare Imidachlorprid solution (@ 1ml/litre of water) and fill in the holes. Adopt field sanitation.		
All stages	Leaf/inflorescence rot	Apply 1% Bordeaux mixture or 0.3% copper oxychloride solution in the heart of the crown. Apply lime. Spray borax also on leaves @ 5g/l. Also adopt all the basal management practices as described for the yellowing, above.		
	Mainfiled  All stages  All stages	sowing  vegetables like cauliflower, or Select only well drained are facilities. There should not Sow/plant vegetables only or While preparing the land, in Trichoderma enriched farm spread of wilt diseases.  Before transplanting, dip the (20g pseudomonas/litre of watto grow vigorously.  Also the seedlings can be sprice (@20ml dissolved in one litre).  Mainfiled  Leaf roller  Case worm  All stages  Red palm weevil		

Black pepper	All stages	Foot rot	If disease is seen, drench soil in the plant basins and spray on the leaves with Redmil® (2g/litre).
Cucurbit Vegetables	Planting	Downy mildew	As a prophylactic measure apply 'Mancozeb' (@ 2g/l of water). If disease appeared, spray Akomin® (@3ml/L) on both surfaces of the leaves, thrice at 15 days interval. Remove and burn out the infested leaves.
Tomato	Growing stage	Wilt	If disease is seen, spray Redmil® (2g/litre) or Akomin® (2ml/litre).
Bitter gourd	Early growth stage	Bacterial wilt	Keep the field clean and spray antibiotic strepto cycline 1 capsule per 2 litre.
Brinjal	Flowering and fruit setting	Shoot and Fruit borer	Remove and destroy affected fruits and shoots. Spray chlorantraniliprole (coragen 3ml per 101 of water) 2-3 times at weekly interval.

\*\* Warning colour codes of rainfall (for disaster management)

Warning (Take actions)	Alert (Be prepared)	Watch (Be updated)	No warning (No actions)			