

# **Agromet Advisory Bulletin for the District, Kannur**

(29.10.2022 to 02.10.2022)



(Issued jointly by Kerala Agricultural University Regional Agricultural Research Station Pilicode & India Meteorological Department)

Bulletin Number: Pilicode/Knr-86/2022 Date: 28/10/2022

### A. Weather Summary of preceding four days

Rainfall, mm	Max. temp., °C	Min. temp., °C	R. H., %	Wind speed, Km/h
0.0	33.5 – 34.7	22.8 – 24.0	58.5 – 79.8	04 - 06

### B. Weather forecast for next five days

Parameters	29-10-2022	30-10-2022	31-10-2022	01-11-2022	02-11-2022
Rainfall, mm	0.1	0.1	2	1	2
Max. Temp, °C	34	34	34	34	32
Min. Temp, °C	23	23	23	23	25
Max. Relative Humidity, %	80	80	80	80	80
Min. Relative Humidity, %	60	60	60	60	60
Wind speed, km/h	4	2	2	2	2
Wind direction, degrees	290	250	230	250	270
Total cloud cover, octa	2	3	8	5	8

## C. Agrometeorological Advisories

Crop	Stages	Problems	Agro-meteorological advisories			
	Light rainfalls are very likely to occur**					
	Isolated light raint	time span of 24 hours.) may occur.				
General conditions	As per the extended range forecast, there will be normal (weekly 73mm) rainfalls during the next two weeks also. The maximum and minimum temperatures will be lower than the normal during the next two weeks.					
	The sky will be cloudy. High relative humidity will be experienced. High atmospheric temperature and heat index will be felt during the rain free intervals.					
General Recommen	The weather is favorable for the cultivation of vegetable crops suitable for both cool season and all seasons.					
dations	Maintain hygiene conditions in crop fields. Infected and fallen nuts, leaves and tree parts should be removed from the fields and burnt.					
	Provide propping to tender stem crops like banana, tomato etc. Ensure sufficient drainage in crop fields. Give popping to slender stemmed and easily lodging crops like banana, vegetables etc.					
	Take care while drying the harvested produces like rubber, cashew nut, copra etc., directly under the sun. Beware of thunder and lightning.					

Paddy	Main field for second crop (Mundakan season)	Apply FYM/compost @ 20kg/cents and incorporate with the soil along with ploughing. To correct the iron toxicity problem of midland lateritic soils, apply lime/dolomite as recommended in the soil test result. If not, apply lime/dolomite @ 2kg/cents (40sq.m) and incorporate thoroughly with the soil at least 14 days before the application of chemical fertilizers. Repeat lime application at the same rate after 30-40 days of transplanting also		
		To prevent the leaching loss of water and nutrients from the fields thoroughly block the crab holes and cracks on the bunds by plastering with mud.		
Vegetables	Transplanting/ sowing	While preparing the land, incorporate lime @ 4kg/cent to the soil. Use Trichoderma enriched farm yard manure/compost. This will check the spread of wilt diseases.		
		Before transplanting, dip the roots of the seedlings in slurry of pseudomonas (20g pseudomonas/litre of water) for 30 minutes. This will help the seedlings to grow vigorously.		
		Also the seedlings can be spi (@20ml dissolved in one litro	rayed with diluted pseudomonas culture solution e of water).	
Rice	Mainfiled	Leaf roller	If leaf folder attack is seen, unfold the leaves by rolling thorny wires/twigs over the canopy. Attack will be more in shaded conditions. Avoid excessive Nitrogenous fertilizers.  If the attack is severe spot spraying of Chlorantraniliprole @3ml/10 ltr of water is also advised.	
Rice	All stages	Case worm	Destroy the dislodged larvae. After pulling a rope swabbed with kerosene or engine oil. Drain away the water from the fields. Broadcast the mixture containing 1L of Kerosine in 25 kg of saw dust or sand in the field.	
Coconut	All stages	Red palm weevil	The palms can be saved only if the attack is diagnosed at an early stage. Hence more frequently inspect the palms. The attack can be diagnosed by the presence of yellowing of upper and middle whirls of leaves and holes at the jointing region of leaf petioles to the trunk. Insect excrement, pupal cases etc. may also be seen in the crown or basins of the palms.	
			Control: Prepare Imidachlorprid solution (@ 1ml/litre of water) and fill in the holes. Adopt field sanitation.	

Black pepper	All stages	Foot rot	If disease is seen, drench soil in the plant basins and spray on the leaves with Redmil® (2g/litre).
Banana	Various stages of growth	Sigatoka leaf spot	Cut and burn all affected leaves.  Spray Tilt or Contaf (@ 2ml per litre)
Cucurbit Vegetables	Planting	Downy mildew	As a prophylactic measure apply 'Mancozeb' (@ 2g/l of water). If disease appeared, spray Akomin® (@3ml/L) on both surfaces of the leaves, thrice at 15 days interval. Remove and burn out the infested leaves.
Tomato	Growing stage	Wilt	If disease is seen, spray Redmil® (2g/litre) or Akomin® (2ml/litre).
Ginger	All stages	Fusarium wilt	Drain the field. Drench the field with copper oxy chloride solution (@2g/litre of water)
Turmeric	Rhizome formation stage	Rhizome rot and leaf blight	Spray carbendazim (@2g/litre of water)

Cashew	Pre-bearing stages	Tea mosquito bug	Prophylactic measures:	
			1) The fungal biological control agent, Beavaria bassiana can be sprayed @ 20g/L  Or	
			2) Spray 1% Bordeaux mixture mixed with quinalphos (2ml/litre of Bordeaux mixture)	
Rubber	All stages	Collar rot	Remove the affected plants. Drench the basins of the surrounding trees with 0.3% copper oxy chloride. Also Apply 1 kg dolomite in the root zones of the trees, as a preventive measure.	

## \*\* Warning colour codes of rainfall (for disaster management)

Warning (Take actions)  Alert (Be prepared)	Watch (Be updated)	No warning (No actions)
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