

Agromet Advisory Bulletin for the District, Kasaragod (Valid from 03.08.2024 to 07.08.2024)



(Issued jointly by Kerala Agricultural University Regional Agricultural Research Station Pilicode& India Meteorological Department)

Bulletin Number:Pilicode/Ksd-62/2024Date:02/08/2024

A. Weather Summary of preceding four days

Rainfall, mm	Max. temp., °C	Min. temp., °C	R. H., %	Wind speed, Km/h
250.4	26.5 - 30.5	23.0 - 24.0	96 - 100	00-01

B.Weather forecast for next five days

Parameters	03-08-2024	04-08-2024	05-08-2024	06-08-2024	07-08-2024
Average Rainfall, mm	23	14	25	15	10
Max. Temp, °C	29	29	30	30	30
Min. Temp,°C	24	24	24	24	24
Max. Relative Humidity, %	100	100	100	100	100
Min. Relative Humidity, %	91	91	91	91	91
Wind speed,km/h	3	2	2	2	3
Wind direction, degrees	230	340	200	200	250
Total cloud cover, octa	8	8	8	8	8

C. Agrometeorological Advisories

Crop	Stages	Problems	Agro-meteorological advisories		
	Isolated Heavy Rainfall **				
	The sky will be cloudy. Hig	gh relative humidity will be	experienced. The atmospheric temperature		
General	will come down.				
conditions	There will be isolated heav	There will be isolated heavy rainfalls (From 64.5mm to 115.5 mm within a time span of 24 hours) on			
	August 02, 03 and 04.				
	There will be light to mode	rate rainfalls (From 15.6 mr	n to 64.4 mm within a time span of 24 hours)		
	on August 05 and 06.				
General	Drain the stagnating wate	r from the cultivated areas	where heavy water stagnations occurs.		
<u>Recommen</u> dations	Do not attempt to dry the p sun.	roducts like rice, rubber, co	pra, pulses, vegetable seeds, etc directly under		
	1 11 0	g to all soft slender stemmed crops like banana, vegetables, climbers etc. Clean the inels in crop lowlands to enable proper drainage of excess water in case of exigencies if			
	Do not shelter the cattle in	houses with weak structures			
	Keep animal feeds, seeds, coated with wooden panels		e and moist free rooms on elevated platforms		

	Avoid activities under oper unfavorable weather condit		ghtning. Also do not expose livestock to such
	There are chances of land place.	dslide and landslip, so peo	ple are advised to move to the nearest safe
	Spraying should be done or	nly if sufficient intervals are	available between the rainfalls.
Rice	All stages	Blight	In places where flooding occurred, there are chances of appearing blight and decaying of plants. As a precautionary measure place perforated bags which contain bleaching powder (2kg/acre), on the face of entry of water into the fields.
Paddy	All stages	Blue beetle	If attack is seen, apply quinalphos (@ 2ml per litre of water)
Coconut	Newly planted seedlings	Water stagnation and decaying of growing bud (bud rot)	Do not allow water stagnation in the planted pits. Provide bunds around the pits to prevent the collection of runoff water in the pits. After the cessation of heavy rainfall, spray 1 % Bordeaux Mixture on the leaves and growing buds, only after mixing with a sticking agent to the fungicide.
Coconut	All stages	Rhinoceros beetle Water State Dwarf varieties and young palms are more vulnerable to the attack.	Rhinoceros beetle: Take out the beetles from the attacked palm crown using beetle hook. Swab the hole made by the beetles with Bordeaux paste to prevent entry of fungus through the cut surface. Old fishnets can be reused for controlling the pest. Cut the nets into pieces of size 1m x 0.5m. Keep the middle portion of the net, lengthwise into the axils of 3 rd and 4 th leaf whirls of the palm. Push the net firmly with small stones into the axils. The hanging sides of the net should be kept open. The beetles will be trapped in the nets and get destroyed. Care should be taken to move the nets to upper leaf axils accordingly while fresh leaves are emerging.
Black pepper	All stages	Foot rot	Foot rot: As prophylactic measure, apply 150 gram of Trichoderma enriched neem cake - cow dung mixture in the basins of the vines and incorporate thoroughly with the soil. If disease already appeared, drench soil in the plant basins with Redomil 0.2% (2g/litre of water). Spray the same on the leaves also.

Banana	Various stages of growth	Rhizome rot	Ensure good drainage in the garden Drench with Streprocyclin antibiotic (@2g/10L) Or Copperhydroxide (20g/10L) at the basin of the plant.
Ginger	Growing stage	Bacterial rot	Drench 1% Bordeaux mixture or Copper oxychloride 0.2% (2g/litre)
Okra	All stages	Shoot and Fruit borer	Spray neem oil emulsion @ 5 %, at intervals of 15 to 20 days. OR Spray quinalphos 25 EC (2 ml per litre of water).
Cow	Any stage	Ephemeral Fever	 Ephemeral fever (BEF) is a disease that affects cattle and buffalo and is marked by a short fever, shivering, lameness and muscular stiffness. This disease may cause decline in milk production, lowered fertility and abortion. Treatment: Phenyl butazone sodium (200mg) 10ml/cattle should be given for 3 days in two divided doses.
Livestock (Cows/Goats)	Milking	Mastitis	The disease is common on cows which are sheltered in unhygienic conditions. Prevention:- Ensure hygienic conditions for the individual animals as well as their shelter and its surroundings The milking machines should be cleaned properly after every use. Boost the immunity of cattle by supplementing feeds with vitamins and minerals containing health tonics. If disease appears, give medication under the supervision of a Veterinary doctor immediately.

Poultry (hen/duck)	Aged stage	Bumble foot	The disease is common on hen and duck due to the unhygienic floors. The bumble foot is identified by swelling, redness and black or brown scab on the bottom of the foot. Prevention: - Make sure that the shelter and environment is clean and hygiene. Provide soft floor for the mobility of birds. Bandage the infected foot with rock salt or Neosporin powder.
** Warning co	plour codes of rainfall (for disa	ister management)	

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repared) Wate	ch (Be updated)	No warning (No actions)
	(autor)	(parcu) Watch (be updated)

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