



Agromet Advisory Bulletin Kozhikode District

(Valid from 12.02.2022 to 16.02.2022)



Agromet Advisory Bulletin for the District, Kozhikode

(Valid from 12.02.2022 to 16.02.2022)





Bulletin Number: Pilicode/Kkd-12/2022 Date: 11/02/2022

A. Weather Summary of preceding five days

Rainfall, mm	Max. temp., °C	Min. temp., °C	R. H., %	Wind speed, Km/h
0.0	33.6 – 34.5	23.8 – 24.5	57.9 – 82.0	00 – 06

B. Weather forecast for next five days

Parameters	12-02-2022	13-02-2022	14-02-2022	15-02-2022	16-02-2022
Rainfall, mm	0	0	0	0	0
Max. Temp, °C	35	35	35	35	35
Min. Temp, °C	25	25	25	25	25
Max. Relative Humidity, %	82	82	82	82	82
Min. Relative Humidity, %	60	60	60	60	60
Wind speed, km/h	4	4	4	4	6
Wind direction, degrees	270	270	270	270	270
Total cloud cover, octa	2	2	4	4	5

C. Agrometeorological Advisories

Crop	Stages	Problems	Agro-meteorological advisories			
	No rain					
General conditions	The sky will be clear or partially cloudy. Low night temperature and high day temperature will be experienced. Hence there will be large difference between day time temperature and night temperature. The atmospheric humidity also will be high. Fungal diseases like blight, leaf spots and wilt may spread in crops. Keep vigilance. Take control measures in the beginning stage of diseases.					

General Drought Management: Recommen 1) Give mulches in crop basins to prevent water loss from soil. dations Adopt drip irrigation. This will minimize the loss of water. Avoid agricultural activities and pesticide application during 12 AM to 3 PM. 4) Restrict the application of chemical fertilizers and poultry manure in un-irrigated areas. 5) Apply lime on tree trunk. Spraying of Sulphate of Potash @ 5 g / L at 15 days interval helps to mitigate drought. For mulching, the trashes used should be free of any pest and diseases. Avoid the trashes of the same species as mulch. This will help to prevent the multiplication of crop specific pest and disease causing organisms. Powdering the top soil using a secondary tillage implement and spreading it uniformly over the field, will help to conserve water for a long period of time in the fields. Coconut All stages **Drought Management** 1) Cut two green leaves from the bottom layer, to reduce the water loss from the tree. 2) Apply compost/dried leaves in the basins to increase water holding capacity. 3) Adopt drip irrigation. This will minimize the irrigation water loss. Protect the newly planted young seedlings from direct sunlight falling on it by providing good shades. Coconut All stages Yellowing of coconut 4) Cut two green leaves from the bottom layer, to reduce the water loss from the tree. 5) Apply coir pith/coir pith compost in the basins to increase water holding capacity 6) Mulch the basins with dried leaves 7) Adopt drip irrigation. This will minimize the irrigation water loss. 8) Apply borax @ 200g/palm and zinc sulphate @ 100g/palm and magnesium sulphate @500g/palm Protect the newly planted young seedlings from direct sunlight falling on it by providing good shades. Black Pepper All stages Foot rot As prophylactic measure, apply 150 gram of Trichoderma enriched neem cake - cow dung mixture in the basins of the vines and incorporate thoroughly with the soil. If disease already appeared, drench soil in the plant basins with Redomil 0.2% (2g/litre of water). Spray the same on the leaves also.

Mango	Fruit setting stage	Mango fruit flies	Collect and destroy the fallen fruits by taking deep pits atleast 60 cm depth. Set up pheromone trap (methyl eugenol trap) @ 1 trap/15 cents.
Vegetables	Different stages	Sucking Pests	Spray neem based insecticide (@ 4ml insecticide/litre of water). Repeate the spraying at every seven days intervals till flowering. If there is severe attack, spray Actara® (@3g/litre of water). Spray the insecticides on both surfaces of the leaves.
Bovines	Various stages	Viral diseases like lumpy skin and foot and mouth diseases	Adopt vaccination. Keep cattle sheds and its surroundings hygienic.

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