

Agromet Advisory Bulletin for the District, Kozhikode (Valid from 12.11.2022 to 16.11.2022)



(Issued jointly by Kerala Agricultural University Regional Agricultural Research Station Pilicode & India Meteorological Department)

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A. Weather Summary of preceding five days

Rainfall, mm	Max. temp., °C	Min. temp., °C	R. H., %	Wind speed, Km/h
15.5	32.5 - 34.6	24.2 – 25.5 67.3 – 92.0 0.0 – 4		0.0 - 4.0

B. Weather forecast for next five days

Parameters	12-11-2022	13-11-2022	14-11-2022	15-11-2022	16-11-2022
Rainfall, mm	10	10	9	5	8
Max. Temp, °C	34	32	32	32	35
Min. Temp, °C	25	25	25	25	25
Max. Relative Humidity, %	92	92	92	92	92
Min. Relative Humidity, %	72	72	72	72	72
Wind speed, km/h	2	5	6	4	4
Wind direction, degrees	340	360	180	200	320
Total cloud cover, octa	8	8	8	8	8

C. Agrometeorological Advisories

Crop	Stages	Problems	Agro-meteorological advisories			
	Isolated heavy rainfalls are likely to occur **					
General	Isolated light rainfalls (up to 15.5mm within a time span of 24 hours.) may occur. Isolated heavy rain 7 to 11 cm. are likely to occur					
conditions	The sky will be cloudy. Low night temperature and high day temperature will be experienced. Hence there will be large difference between day time temperature and night temperature. The atmospheric humidity also will be high.					
	As per extended range forecast, cumulative normal rainfall is likely in the next two weeks.					
General Recommen	Protect newly planted seedlings of the crops from the bright sunshine from southern side, by smearing with banana/coconut leaves.					
dations	The weather is favourable for the cultivation of vegetable crops suitable for both cool season and all seasons.					
	Maintain hygiene conditions in crop fields. Infected and fallen nuts, leaves and tree parts should be removed from the fields and burnt.					
	Provide propping to tender stem crops like banana, tomato etc. Ensure sufficient drainage in crop fields. Give popping to slender stemmed and easily lodging crops like banana, vegetables etc.					
	Take care while drying the harvested produces like rubber, cashew nut, copra etc., directly under the sun. Beware of thunder and lightning					

Transplanting/ sowing	This is the right time for transplanting the seedlings of cool season vegetables like cauliflower, cabbage etc.			
	Select only well drained area for the cultivation or Ensure good drainage facilities. There should not be any waterlogging in the fields.			
	Sow/plant vegetables only on raised bunds/ridges/mounts.			
	While preparing the land, incorporate lime @ 4kg/cent to the soil. Use Trichoderma enriched farm yard manure/compost. This will check the spread of wilt diseases.			
	Before transplanting, dip the roots of the seedlings in slurry of pseudomonas (20g pseudomonas/litre of water) for 30 minutes. This will help the seedlings to grow vigorously.			
	Also the seedlings can be sprayed with diluted pseudomonas culture solution (@20ml dissolved in one litre of water).			
Mainfiled	Leaf roller	If leaf folder attack is seen, unfold the leaves by rolling thorny wires/twigs over the canopy. Attack will be more in shaded conditions. Avoid excessive Nitrogenous fertilizers.		
		If the attack is severe spot spraying of Chlorantraniliprole @3ml/10 ltr of water is also advised.		
All stages	Case worm	Destroy the dislodged larvae. After pulling a rope swabbed with kerosene or engine oil. Drain away the water from the fields. Broadcast the mixture containing 1L of Kerosine in 25 kg of saw dust or sand in the field.		
All stages	Red palm weevil	The palms can be saved only if the attack is diagnosed at an early stage. Hence more frequently inspect the palms. The attack can be diagnosed by the presence of yellowing of upper and middle whirls of leaves and holes at the jointing region of leaf petioles to the trunk. Insect excrement, pupal cases etc. may also be seen in the crown or basins of the palms.		
		Control: Prepare Imidachlorprid solution (@ 1ml/litre of water) and fill in the holes. Adopt field sanitation.		
All stages	Leaf/inflorescence rot	Apply 1% Bordeaux mixture or 0.3% copper oxychloride solution in the heart of the crown. Apply lime. Spray borax also on leaves @ 5g/l. Also adopt all the basal management practices as described for the yellowing, above.		
	Mainfiled All stages All stages	sowing vegetables like cauliflower, of Select only well drained are facilities. There should not Sow/plant vegetables only of While preparing the land, in Trichoderma enriched farm spread of wilt diseases. Before transplanting, dip the (20g pseudomonas/litre of with to grow vigorously. Also the seedlings can be spric (@20ml dissolved in one litre) Mainfiled Leaf roller Case worm All stages Red palm weevil		

Coconut	All stages	Stem bleeding	Chisel out the affected parts and apply Bordeaux paste. Drench the palm basin (2m radius) with 40 litres of 1% Bordeaux mixture or soil drenching of Hexaconazole 25ml/25 litre of water. After one month, apply 5 kg Trichoderma enriched neem cake and 500g of Ayar® (micro nutrient mixture) In endemic areas, repeat fungicide drenching once in every four months
Black pepper	All stages	Foot rot	If disease is seen, drench soil in the plant basins and spray on the leaves with Redmil® (2g/litre).
Cucurbit Vegetables	Planting	Downy mildew	As a prophylactic measure apply 'Mancozeb' (@ 2g/l of water). If disease appeared, spray Akomin® (@3ml/L) on both surfaces of the leaves, thrice at 15 days interval. Remove and burn out the infested leaves.
Tomato	Growing stage	Wilt	If disease is seen, spray Redmil® (2g/litre) or Akomin® (2ml/litre).
Bitter gourd	Early growth stage	Bacterial wilt	Keep the field clean and spray antibiotic strepto cycline 1 capsule per 2 litre.

** Warning colour codes of rainfall (for disaster management)

Warning (Take actions)	Alert (Be prepared)	Watch (Be updated)	No warning (No actions)
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