



Agromet Advisory Bulletin

Kozhikode District

(Valid from 20.07.2022 to 24.07.2022)



Agromet Advisory Bulletin for the District, Kozhikode

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(Issued jointly by Kerala Agricultural University Regional Agricultural Research Station Pilicode & India Meteorological Department)

Date: 19/07/2022 **Bulletin Number: Pilicode/Kkd-57/2022**

A. Weather Summary of preceding five days

Rainfall, mm	Max. temp., °C	Min. temp., °C	R. H., %	Wind speed, Km/h
124.9	26.2 - 30.2	22.4 – 24.2	83 - 98	00 - 06

B. Weather forecast for next four days

Parameters	20-07-2022	21-07-2022	22-07-2022	23-07-2022	24-07-2022
Rainfall, mm	20	15	12	16	10
Max. Temp, °C	30	31	31	31	31
Min. Temp, °C	24	25	25	25	25
Max. Relative Humidity, %	98	98	98	98	98
Min. Relative Humidity, %	83	83	83	83	83
Wind speed, km/h	8	6	6	6	6
Wind direction, degrees	320	270	340	320	320
Total cloud cover, octa	8	8	7	8	8

C. Agrometeorological Advisories

Crop	Stages	Problems	Agro-meteorological advisories	
	Isolated heavy rainfalls ** There will be Isolated heavy rainfalls (upto 115.5 mm within a time span of 24 hours.) As per the extended there will be rainfalls in the next week also. The sky will be cloudy. High relative humidity will be experienced. The atmospheric temperature will drop.			
General conditions				
General	Very heavy rainfalls were experienced during the last 5 days.			
Recommen dations	Heavy rainfalls are forecasted in the district, for next five days. Keep all the drainage channels opened. Postpone fertilizer applications to the crops for few days, till rainfall subsides. Ensure proper drainage in cropped lands.			
	Farmers of hilly tracts and places where there are possibilities for landslides are advised to keep vigilance and closely follow the advises of disaster management team.			
	The increased temperature and humidity that was experienced during the last weeks might caused the spread of fruiting bodies of fungal diseases like rots and wilts in coconut, arecablack pepper, rubber, ginger, banana etc.			
	Keep hygiene in plantations. Infected nuts, leaves and tree parts should be removed from the			

	fields and burnt.			
	1 11 6	soft slender stemmed crops like banana, vegetables, climbers etc.		
		s, seeds, fertilizers etc. in termite free and moist free rooms on elevated		
	•	buffer stock of paddy seeds, for catch cop if any exigent conditions arises.		
Paddy	Maximum tillering stage	Lower the water level in the field. Broadcast second dose of lime @ 250kg/ha. In places where the soil pH is below 5.0 apply lime @ 500kg/ha. The second dose of fertilizer can be applied r two weeks after lime application		
Paddy	All stages	Blight	In places where flooding occurred, there are chances of appearing blight and decaying of plants. As a precautionary measure place perforated bags which contain bleaching powder (2kg/acre), on the face of entry of water into the fields.	
Paddy	Tillering	Leaf folder	If leaf folder attack is seen, unfold the leaves by rolling thorny wires/twigs over the canopy. If the attack is severe spot spraying of flubendiamide @ 1.0 ml/10L is recommended. Attack will be more in shaded conditions. Avoid excessive Nitrogenous fertilizers	
Black pepper	Bearing stage	Pollu beetle	Mix quinalphos 25%EC (@ 2ml per litre) with 1% of Bordaux mixture and spray	
Black pepper	Bearing stage	Bactrial leaf spot		
Coconut	All stages	In water stagnated areas, the rake the soil at the basin for aerating? If fertilizer application is not done apply lime @ 1kg/palm and incorporate with the soil. Go for fertilizer application only r two weeks after the lime application		

Coconut	Bearing stage	Nut and leaf rot	Spray hexaconazole @2ml/litre) on the bud and crown Adopt Integrated Nutrient Management Practices for improving the crop health
Banana	Various stages of growth	Rhizome rot	Ensure good drainage in the garden Drench with Streprocyclin antibiotic (@2g/10L) Or Copperhydroxide (20g/10L) at the basin of the plant.
Livestock (Cows/Goats)	Any stage	Foot rot disease	Avoid water stagnation in and around the shelter houses. Adopt complete hygiene conditions for the animals. Wash the foot in 0.2% Potassium permanganate solution (2g potassium permanganate per litre of water) and dry the foot with cotton clothes.
Livestock (Cows/Goats)	Milking	Mastitis	The disease is common on cows which are sheltered in unhygienic conditions. Prevention:- Ensure hygienic conditions for the individual animals as well as their shelter and its surroundings The milking machines should be cleaned properly after every use. Boost the immunity of cattle by supplementing feeds with vitamins and minerals containing health tonics. If disease appears, give medication under the supervision of a Veterinary doctor immediately.

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