

## Agromet Advisory Bulletin for the District, Kozhikode

(Valid from 28.02.2024 to 03.03.2024)



(Issued jointly by Kerala Agricultural University Regional Agricultural Research Station Pilicode& India Meteorological Department)

## A. Weather Summary of preceding five days

Rainfall, mm	Max. temp., °C	Min. temp., °C	R. H., %	Wind speed, Km/h
0.0	34.9 – 36.4	24.9 – 26.3	56 – 77	00 - 04

## B. Weather forecast for next five days

Parameters	28-02-2024	29-02-2024	01-03-2024	02-03-2024	03-03-2024
Rainfall, mm	0	0	0	0	0
Max. Temp, °C	37	37	37	35	35
Min. Temp,°C	27	27	27	25	25
Max. Relative Humidity, %	77	77	77	77	80
Min. Relative Humidity, %	56	56	56	56	53
Wind speed,km/h	4	8	8	3	3
Wind direction, degrees	290	270	290	270	290
Total cloud cover, octa	2	3	4	2	2

## C. Agrometeorological Advisories

Crop	Stages	Problems	Agro-meteorological advisories		
General	No rain **				
conditions	Atmospheric humidity will be normal.				
General Recommen dations	Mulch the crop basins.  Irrigate the crop when the water is available in the evening or early morning. Adopt drip irrigation method for maximum water use efficiency.  1. Arrange for irrigation facilities from available water resources.  2. Remove weeds from the soil to reduce transpiration losses. Powder the soil to dust by breaking the clods. This will act as good soil mulch to prevent evaporation loss of water.  3. Well drained areas where lifesaving irrigation possible ragi and millets cause cultivated.  4. Take care of controlling of sucking pests; control/minimize the insect and pest incidence with IPM.  5. Repair and rejuvenate local water bodies before the rainy season.				

Various crops	Various stages	Sucking pests  The climate is favourable for the spread of sucking pests like mealy bug, jasids, aphids, mites, bugs etc. If not controlled properly they will act as vectors and may spread virus diseases.	To control the pests apply neem oil emulsion (5 ml. neem oil mixed in one litre of luke warm soap water solution)  Or  Apply malathion 50 EC @ 2 ml + neem oil 4ml per litre of water
Coconut	All stages	Drought Management	<ol> <li>Cut two green leaves from the bottom layer, to reduce the water loss from the tree.</li> <li>Apply compost/dried leaves in the basins to increase water holding capacity.</li> <li>Adopt drip irrigation. This will minimize the irrigation water loss.</li> <li>Take care of controlling of sucking pests; control/minimize the insect and pest incidence with IPM.</li> </ol>
Brinjal	Flowering and fruit setting	Shoot and Fruit borer	Spray neem oil emulsion @ 5 %, at intervals of 15 to 20 days.  Or  Remove and destroy affected fruits and shoots. Spray chlorantraniliprole (Coragen 3ml per 10 litre of water) 2-3 times at weekly interval.
Poultry and pet birds	Different stages	Summer stress	To combat heat stress, the poultry sheds should be protected from direct sunlight, roofing can be painted white to reflect heat, fans can be fitted, cool water can be sprayed, plenty of clean water can be provided with ice, glucose and 0.1 % sodium bicarbonate, feed offered during the cooler parts of the day can be supplemented with 20% extra vitamins, phosphorous and vitamin C.

Animal Husbandry All stages

Summer Stress



The rise in temperature will affect the thermoregulatory mechanism of dairy cattle. This will cause increase in body temperature, rapid shallow breathing, increased heart rate, profuse salivation, and reduced feed intake. This in turn results in severe production loss and reduced breeding efficiency in dairy cattle.

Provide pure drinking water to the dairy cattle (45 to 60 litres of water), Allow grazing only during the cooler parts of the day. Provide shading. Shelter them in thatched roofings of minimum 9 ft. height with ample ventilation. Providing fans, misting and fogging assembly in cattle sheds will help them to regulate body temperature. Also ensure minerals fortified feeds.

\*\* Warning colour codes of rainfall (for disaster management)

Warning (Take actions)

Alert (Be prepared)

Watch (Be updated)

No warning (No actions)

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