

## Agromet Advisory Bulletin for the District, Malappuram (Valid from 16.04.2025 to 20.04.2025)



(Issued jointly by Kerala Agricultural University Regional Agricultural Research Station Pilicode& India Meteorological Department)

Bulletin Number:Pilicode/Mpm-30/2025 Date: 15/04/2025

## A. Weather Summary of preceding five days

Rainfall, mm	Max. temp., °C	Min. temp., °C	R. H., %	Wind speed, Km/h
0.1	32.1 - 34.2	25.0 - 27.0	53 - 84	04 – 10

## B.Weather forecast for next five days

Parameters	16-04-2025	17-04-2025	18-04-2025	19-04-2025	20-04-2025
Average Rainfall, mm	0.5	2	0.3	0.1	0.1
Max. Temp, °C	33	33	33	33	33
Min. Temp,°C	26	26	26	26	26
Max. Relative Humidity, %	90	90	90	90	90
Min. Relative Humidity, %	75	75	75	75	75
Wind speed,km/h	2	2	2	8	4
Wind direction, degrees	250	270	270	250	250
Total cloud cover, octa	8	8	7	7	8

## C. Agrometeorological Advisories

Сгор	Stages	Problems	Agro-meteorological advisories	
	Light to Moderate Rainfall**   Temperatures will be higher during the day. Atmospheric humidity will be normal.   There will be light to moderate rainfalls (From2.5 mm to 64.4 mm within a time span of 24 hours)   from April 15 to 19.			
General Condition				
Weather warning	Chances for moderate rainfalls on April15.			
Impacts	Difficulty in drying agricultural produce in open conditions.			
	Chances for fall off of slender stemmed fruits and vegetables.			
	High temperature during daytime may cause high rate of evaopration water from the soil.			
General Recommendati ons	ensured in the fields. of crops. The opened	Clean the rain pits. Cover the tree basins which were partially	Hence maximum water harvesting should be soil with dried leaves, especially the basins closed after fertilizer application, can act as unoff water to such tree basins by drawing	
	· ·	drying the harvested produces l de props to Nendran banana.	like seeds, cashew nuts, copra and rubber in	

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		ed to not work in open places l avoid dehydration.	between the time, 11.0am to 3.0 pm. Drink	
	2. Provide mist spray of water system and fans in the cattle sheds. Give the livestock sufficient quantity of drinking water intermittently			
	3. Irrigate the crop when the water is available in the evening or early morning.			
		basins. Arrange irrigation if num water use efficiency.	water is available. Adopt drip irrigation	
		5. Remove weeds from the soil to reduce transpiration losses. Powder the soil to dust by breaking the clods. This will act as good soil mulch to prevent evaporation loss of		
	6. Well drained are cultivated.	as where lifesaving irrigation	n possible ragi and pearl millet can be	
	7. Control sucking	pests; control/minimize the i	nsect and pest incidence with IPM.	
	8. Repair and rejuv	enate local water bodies befo	ore the rainy season.	
Paddy (Viruppu: First crop season)	Land preparation for broadcasting	Summer showers are predicted. Immediately after attaining sufficient moisture level in soil, land preparations can be started in places where broadcasting is preferred.		
		In rice fallows where transplanting is practiced during the first crop, organic manure seeds (Daincha, sunhemp, cowpea etc) can be sown during this time. These can be harvested at its 45 days of growth, just before flowering. This will not only help in fixing nitrogen into the soil, but also control the weeds growth in the fields. If there is sufficient soil moisture at the time of harvest, incorporate them into the soil through deep ploughing. Other wise use it for preparation of composts.		
Various crops	Various stages	Sucking pests Sucking pests Sucking pests Sucking Suck	To control the pests apply neem oil emulsion (5 ml. neem oil mixed in one litre of luke warm soap water solution) Or Apply malathion 50 EC @ 2 ml + neem oil 4ml per litre of water	
Coconut	Various growth stages	Rugose White fly	As this is a sap sucking pest, its infestation will be heavy during the hot and dry climatic periods. The sticking property of the gum secreted by the insects may lose in moist conditions. Adopting mulching and irrigations may help the plants to keep the leaves' surfaces moist. On young	

Arecanut	Bearing palms	Inflorescence die back and button shedding	Warm humid conditions may cause this disease. Spray Hexaconazole (Contaf) 1 ml/litre or Bordeaux mixture 1%. Repeat after 20-25 days.
Cucurbitaceous vegetables	All stages	Downy mildew	As a prophylactic measure apply 'Mancozeb'(@ 2g/l of water). If disease appeared, spray Akomin <sup>®</sup> (@3ml/L) on both surfaces of the leaves, thrice at 15 days intervals.
Okra	All stages	Yellow vein mosaic	Use disease free seed from the disease free area or healthy plant. Rogue out the infected plants. Place yellow sticky traps in the field or Spray Dimethoate 30EC (1.5 ml per litre of water
Animal Husbandry	All stages	Summer Stress	The rise in temperature will affect the thermoregulatory mechanism of dairy cattle. This will cause increase in body temperature, rapid shallow breathing, increased heart rate, profuse salivation, and reduced feed intake. This in turn results in severe production loss and reduced breeding efficiency in dairy cattle. Provide pure drinking water to the dairy cattle (45 to 60 litres of water), Allow grazing only during the cooler parts of the day. Provide shading. Shelter them in thatched roofings of minimum 9 ft. height with ample ventilation. Providing fans, misting and fogging assembly in cattle sheds will help them to regulate
Live stock	Ingestion of	During summer due to shorts	body temperature. Also ensure minerals fortified feeds.
LIVE SLOCK	ngestion of poisonous shrubs and leaves	During summer, due to shortage in availability of grasses and green leaves, the cattle may accidentally ingest poisonous shrubs and leaves. The commonly found poisonous plants in north Kerala are Rubber, Green bamboo, Aanathottavadi, Chelamaram, Kozhuppa, Arali, Kunnikkuru, Erikku and Avanakku. Difficulty in breathing, fast deep breathes, lack of appetite, lethargy, muscle cramps, shivering, paralysis, pupil dilation, bloat are some of the common toxicity symptoms. Immediately approach	

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\*\* Warning colour codes of rainfall (for disaster management)

Warning (Take actions) Alert (Be prepare	Watch (Be updated)	No warning (No actions)
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Sd/-
Nodal Officer,
GKMS Project, RARS Pilicode